

RAMAKRISHNA MISSION VIDYAMANDIRA

(Residential Autonomous College under University of Calcutta)

THIRD YEAR

B.A./B.SC. FIFTH SEMESTER (July – December) 2014

Mid-Semester Examination, September 2014

Date : 17/09/2014

Time : 2 pm – 4 pm

CHEMISTRY (Honours)

Paper : VI

Full Marks : 25

[Use a separate answer book for each Unit]

Unit – I & IV

(Answer any one question)

1. a) The compound $[\text{Mn}(\text{dmso})_6](\text{ClO}_4)_3$ exhibits $\gamma_{\text{s-o}}$ stretches at 915cm^{-1} and 960cm^{-1} . Intensity of the 915cm^{-1} band is found to be twice that of 960cm^{-1} band. Explain. [Given, $\gamma_{\text{s-o}}$ stretch for free dmso is 1055cm^{-1} .]
b) Low spin Co(III) complexes are usually inert towards ligand substitution. Explain.
c) For the reaction, $[\text{Fe}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+} + 3\text{phen} \rightarrow [\text{Fe}(\text{phen})_3]^{2+} + 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$
 $K_1 > K_2 \ll K_3$ Justify the fact.
d) Explain why the energy barrier to rotation in ferrocene molecule is very small. Give evidence in favour of the fact that the cyclopentadienide rings in ferrocene rotate freely in solution. [3+2+3+(1+2)]
2. a) For the reaction, $[\text{Cu}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+} + 3\text{en} \rightarrow [\text{Cu}(\text{en})_3]^{2+} + 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$
 $\log K_1 = 10.72$
 $\log K_2 = 9.32$
 $\log K_3 = -0.90$
Explain why K_3 is so low.
b) Co – C distances in Cp_2Co and in $[\text{Cp}_2\text{Co}]^+$ are 2.10\AA and 2.03\AA respectively. Explain.
c) K_3CoF_6 is paramagnetic while K_2NiF_6 is diamagnetic though both are d^6 system. Explain.
d) $\text{K}_2\text{Pb}[\text{Cu}^{\text{II}}(\text{NO}_2)_6]$ is tetragonally distorted at -78°C but is perfectly octahedral at room temperature. Explain. [3+3+2+3]

Unit - II

(Answer any one question)

3. a) What is complementary and non-complementary redox reactions? Give example(s) [2]
b) Write down the detailed mechanism of the reaction between $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_5\text{Cl}]^{2+}$ and $[\text{Cr}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}$ to form $[\text{Co}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}$ and $[\text{Cr}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_5\text{Cl}]^{2+}$. How can you establish your proposed mechanism. [3]
c) What are the barriers to electron transfer between two redox partner? Give example [2]
4. a) Define with example— (i) cis-effect, (ii) trans effect [2+2]
b) The substitution reaction at squareplanar site proceed with complete retention of stereochemistry, explain with example. [3]

Unit - III

(Answer any one question)

5. a) Explain the term “Essential and ‘Beneficial’ elements- in Bio-inorganic chemistry. [2]
b) Write a brief account on Ionophores. [2]
c) What do you mean by chelation Therapy. Name two chelating drugs and their mode of action. Write the limitations of chelation therapy. [3]

6. a) Write notes on (**any one**) [3]
i) Hemoglobin
ii) Iron-Sulphur Protein
- b) What do you mean by (**any one**) [2]
i) Gold drugs
ii) Cis Platin
- c) What are cytochromes, Write down their functions. [2]

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